IN THE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS OF TENNESSEE

AT KNOXVILLE

JUNE 1997 SESSION



July 25, 1997

DAVID PALMER,)		Cecil Crowson, Jr Appellate Court Clerk
Appellant,))	No. 03C01-9608-CR	2-00311
v. STATE OF TENNESSEE, Appellee.)))))	Loudon County Honorable E. Euger (Post-Conviction)	ne Eblen, Judge
For the Appellant:		For the Appellee:	
A. Wayne Henry 322 Grove Street P.O. Box 366 Loudon, TN 37774-0366		Charles W. Burson Attorney General of and Clinton J. Morgan Assistant Attorney G 450 James Robertso Nashville, TN 37243 Charles Hawk District Attorney Gen and Roger Delp Assistant District Attorney P.O. Box 703 Kingston, TN 37763-	eneral of Tennessee on Parkway -0493 neral orney General
OPINION FILED:			
AFFIRMED			
Joseph M. Tipton			

Judge

OPINION

The petitioner, David Palmer, appeals as of right from the trial court's summary dismissal of his second petition for post-conviction relief. The trial court dismissed the petition on various grounds, including the petition's failure to state a claim for relief that had not been waived or previously determined. The sole issue for our review is whether the trial court erred by dismissing the petition. We conclude that it did not.

In 1987, the petitioner was convicted of aggravated rape and joyriding. As a Range II, especially aggravated offender, he received concurrent sentences of forty and two years, respectively. On May 11, 1990, the petitioner filed his first petition for post-conviction relief alleging that he received ineffective assistance of trial counsel. The trial court granted the petitioner a delayed appeal but concluded that the petitioner failed to demonstrate that his counsel was otherwise ineffective. This court affirmed the petitioner's convictions on the delayed appeal and also affirmed the denial of post-conviction relief. State v. David Palmer, Nos. 03C01-9303-CR-00076, 03C01-9303-CR-00077, Loudon County (Tenn. Crim. App. Apr. 7, 1994); David Palmer v. State, No. 03C01-9303-CR-00079, Loudon County (Tenn. Crim. App. May 20, 1994), app. denied (Tenn. Sept. 12, 1994).

The petitioner filed the present petition on July 6, 1995. The petition alleges that trial counsel was ineffective and that the petitioner's convictions violate due process because the jury was given an instruction equating moral certainty with reasonable doubt. The trial court concluded that the issue concerning the effectiveness of trial counsel was previously determined, see T.C.A. § 40-30-206(g), and that the petitioner's challenge to the jury instruction was waived because he failed to present it

in his first post-conviction petition	n, <u>see</u> T.C.A. § 40-30-206(g).	We agree with the trial
court's conclusions.1		
In consideration of	the foregoing and the record a	as a whole, the judgment
of the trial is affirmed.		
	Joseph M. Tipt	on, Judge
CONCUR:		
John H. Peay, Judge		
Curwood Witt, Judge		

¹ We also note that we have repeatedly upheld the constitutionality of the reasonable doubt instruction that the petitioner challenges. <u>See State v. Sexton</u>, 917 S.W.2d at 266; <u>Pettyjohn v. State</u>, 885 S.W.2d 364, 366 (Tenn. Crim. App.); <u>State v. Hallock</u>, 875 S.W.2d 285, 294 (Tenn. Crim. App. 1993); <u>see also Nichols v. State</u>, 877 S.W.2d 722, 734 (Tenn. 1994).